General and Specific Issues in Teaching Computer Science/ TLA+

Friedrich Vogt/Paul Tavolato

University of Technology Hamburg-Harburg and University of Applied Science, St. Pölten, Austria





The paper Integrating Formal Methods into Computer Science Curricula at a UAS (St. Pölten, Austria) describes the universe of discourse.

My presentation concentrates on two parts:

- Present challenges on education and
- My experience in teaching Model Checking using TLA+ (since 2009) at UAS

Student(s), TLA+ and real problems?



"I missed the reference to the practice: for example, in which projects or which companies do really use TLA+ and what for? Maybe I'll thinking about the features or the possibilities of TLA+ in some years, when I'm in some projects and I'm missing something and TLA+ could be the solution for that. But at the moment I am really not able to answer that question."

Education Science



... tells us, to distinguish between two kinds of knowledge (Marotzki, U of Magdeburg):

- available (or ready to use!) knowledge and
- orientation (direction of progress) knowledge



... that available knowledge does not come as "passive" knowledge (A. N. Whitehead)

 Learning from projects in industry – right from the beginning (this idea is currently successfully implemented at UAS) and

by

 Learning from scientists/engineers working in industry (e.g. Amazon, Motorola, etc.)?

At UAS ...



a problem oriented teaching approach is used: (teaching is organized blockwise)







the following three courses:



Theoretical Computer Science,

- Model building in general
- Complexity of algorithms
- Formal language theory and automata
- Introduction to logics



Software Engineering, and

/fh/// st.pölten

- Requirements engineering
- Software design
- UML
- Software project management



Model Checking, being Aware that:

"The task of science is not to explain nature through an appeal to a conceptual representation of it, but rather to explain a conceptual representation through an appeal to experience"

and

"abstraction is foremost a tool of science".

(as of A. N. Whitehead)

Trying to answer Questions like ...

- What has to be provided before learning can take place ?
- How can we avoid the impression students may have, that teaching theory is mostly related to obtain "passive" knowledge?
- Is it possible to install learning prerequisites for those who want to be part of a learning community?

Not Ignoring the Current State in CS ^{/fh//} Education, which to my opinion ...

... is to a large extend characterized by the fact that:

- The so called "available knowledge" in CS is quite low and seems to become lower every year (igeneration?).
- The demand on "orientation knowledge" is increasing sharply, since the job perspectives are in flux creating severe uncertainty.

Can we meet this additional Challenge by Assuming that Learning/Teaching

 is a project oriented tool based process with strong emphasis on self learning,

and

 is a social process (continuous exchange and presentation opportunities are part of the learning process)?

In my Opinion yes, if we



are successful in:

- Providing the flavor/feeling about the subject
- Distinguishing between available and orientation knowledge
- Interpreting Questions as a coming up reflection of a difference
- Viewing Answers as tools backed by actual industry-examples

Back to Model Checking at UAS

- What worked well?
- What didn't work well?
- What additional tools may help?
- Can students apply TLA+ to real problems when they get into industry?

What worked well?



- The strong emphasis on simple examples lead to a rather good understanding of the basic concepts of TLA+
- The use of the Toolbox was quite well practiced and where used heavily by all students
- Hyperbook was used as well, and new concepts got understood in selfstudy (PlusCal)

What didn't work well?



- The focus on simple examples seemed to prohibit the understanding of the general applicability of the TLA concepts
- To what extend the understanding of the principles of the TLC is required for a more advanced use of the Toolbox is left unclear
- Most of the Hyperbook examples are considered as too "mathematical" and less "system oriented"

What additional Tools may help?

Three directions may be considered:

- Round up the Hyperbook to be a perfect basis for all theories and concepts relevant to apply TLA+/PlusCal for novice users
- 2. Add examples which make the systemic and process views for various application areas more obvious
- 3. Provide for all cross links to enable an uniform view of the whole

Conclusion

- Focus should be directed to widen the community by attracting more educational institutions
- Systems examples from industry and research should widely be available and communicated

and Future Work

 Within UAS we will try to apply the concepts to fit TLA+ in with the other topics, such as theory of computation and UML (is emphasized, but not yet done completely)